



# MONTENEGRO PAYROLL GUIDE 2025

www.eurofast.eu

podgorica@eurofast.eu



# 1. Applicable Laws

- Labor Law
- Law on compulsory social security contributions
- Personal Income Tax Law
- Law on the Employment of Foreigners
- o Law on Tax Procedure and Tax Administration

The salary is to be agreed between the employer and employee and stated in the employment contract as a gross amount. The gross salary includes net earnings, income tax and contributions paid on behalf of the employee.

By law, wages must not be lower than the minimum wage determined in labor law. As of 31<sup>st</sup> October 2024, minimum salary defined by labor law amounts to net 600,00 euro/month for the persons with high school education and 800 euro/month for the persons with faculty diploma education.

The law prescribes other salary elements (for work on holidays, overtime etc.) and reimbursement of expenses, such as fees for meal allowances, subsidy for annual holiday, bonuses, seniority pay.

Employees shall be guaranteed equal earnings for the same work or the work of equal value performed for an employer. The work of the same value shall be understood as work requiring the same professional qualification level, same work abilities, responsibility and physical and intellectual work and experience.

## Social Insurance and Contributions

The Employee is entitled to social insurance: pension and health insurance, and insurance in case of unemployment. Social Insurance contributions are calculated at expense of both employee and employer at the following rates:

Contributions description	Employee	Employer
Pension and Disability	10,00%	0,00 %
insurance employee		
Health insurance	0,00%	0,00%
Unemployment insurance	0,50%	0,50%
Labor fund contributions	N/A	0,20%
Chamber of commerce	N/A	0,27%
contribution		

The obligation for calculation and payment of the contributions is on the employer's side and taxes and contributions must be paid on the same time as the payment of the net earnings. All withholding tax and contribution returns can be submitted exclusively electronically, via the web portal of the Tax Administration.





## 3. Personal Income Tax

Personal income tax rate is progressive.

- Personal Income Tax imposed on salaries is 0% for salary up to 700,00 gross.
- Personal Income Tax imposed on salaries is 9% for salary from 701,00 up to 1000,00 gross
- Personal Income Tax imposed on salaries is 15% for salary over 1001,00 gross

The gross amount is used as a basis to calculate contributions.

Personal income tax on benefit in kind is flat – 15%.

# 4. Tax Incentives and Subsidies for Employment

According to the legislation, employers are exempt from paying income tax for the next eight years in underdeveloped municipalities in Montenegro.

Remaining in force are the incentives and subsidies for employment of persons with disabilities and incentives conditioned by the number of newly hired employees with some additional criteria applicable.

# 5. Employment Procedure

#### Contract:

The employment relations are established based on an employment contract signed by the employee and the employer who is represented by the Director (Member of the Board of Directors) or an employee authorized by Power of Attorney issued by the Director. Contracts must have all general data for employer and employee, with signature date and commencement day included. A contract also must define: the type of job and main responsibilities for both employer and employee, gross salary, working hours, violation of employment discipline, cancellation of contract notice (min. 30 days) and other details which are not defined by law or internal act as amount for meal allowance and subsidy for annual holiday, work in shifts, terrain work, conditions for additional days for annual leave etc.

## Limitations:

An employment relation could be established with a person who is at least 15 years old, but persons older than 15 and younger than 18 can be employed only with a written consent from a legal guardian and with medical certificate of work capability.

It is forbidden for an employer to request from the employee certain data/information, which is in relation with family status, marital status, family planning as well as to request the employee to submit to a pregnancy test.

## Registration Procedure:

Registration of employment is done by the employer at a "single desk procedure" by submitting a single social insurance application (JPR form) to the Revenue and Customs Administration; per Law this step should be performed 8 days from starting date of new employee. With this registration, employer register employment to all relevant institution. In case of late registration with more of 8 days before employee starting date, employer shell submit written explanation





about late registration.

## Employment of Foreigners:

In general, every foreigner who wants to work in Montenegro is obliged to possess a work and residency permit. Application for work permit includes application for the residency permit as well. Most important documents that foreigner should bring to Montenegro for the reason of applying for work/residency permit is:

- Upon entering in Montenegro, it is required to register to local touristic organization, within 48 hours from entering Montenegro.
- clear criminal record issued by the Ministry of justice of the country of origin, not older than 6 months
- High school diploma or faculty diploma with list of all exams with grades purpose notification of diploma
- Notarized lease contract with landlord proof of the ownership on the property
- Medical check
- Health insurance for at least 30 days
- o Tax to be paid to Ministry of interior affairs around 70 euros
- o Extract from trade registry of an employer not older than 3 months
- Written proposal for employment contract with minimum 600 euro net salary for the employee with high school, and 800 euro net for the faculty diploma.
- Valid passport with date of expiration more than 15 months

Work and residency permits are issued at the same time by The Ministry of Internal Affairs, and the validity period is one year. Employment contracts can't be concluded for a period longer than the validity of the working/residency permit.

Foreigners are taxpayers for the portion of earnings realized in Montenegro.

## The Variety of Employments

## Probation work

Probation work and its duration may be stipulated in the employment contract but cannot be longer than six months. During the probation work, both employee and employer could cancel the employment contract with a notice period of not less than five working days.

## Definite term work

An employment can be contracted for a definite term, but no longer then 36 months, in the following cases: seasonal jobs, increased volume of work, replacement of a temporarily absent employee, work on timed projects, with foreign citizens until the expiry of the work permit. For a definite term employment, the maximum duration for a company registered for less than one year is extended to 36 months.





#### Part time work

Employees can be hired for part-time work, for indefinite or definite periods and for the remaining hours up to full-time work, an employee can be engaged by another employer.

## Work outside the employer's premises

A labor contract can be concluded for performing work outside the employer's premises, including teleworking or work from home. This contract especially should contain: working conditions and way of supervising employees' operations; use of employee's means of work and compensation for it and for other work-related cost. These employees have equal rights as employees who work at the employer's premises.

## **Employment of Persons with Disabilities**

All employers with 10 or more employees have the legal obligation for employment of persons with disabilities. In addition to the actual employment of the required number of persons with disabilities, obligations can be fulfilled by participating in financing salaries of persons with disabilities or by fulfilling of other financial or material obligations from the contracted cooperation with the company for Vocational Rehabilitation. Failure to comply with the above will result in the employer being obliged to pay penalties on account of the Budget Fund for Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment of Persons with disabilities.

# 6. Protection of Employees

## **Working Hours**

Full working hours amount to 40 hours per week. It could be stipulated that full working hours are less than 40 hours per week by a general employer's act but the number of hours cannot be less than 20 hours per a week.

## **Overtime work**

The employee may be required to work overtime upon a reasonable employer's request. Overtime work of an employee cannot exceed 250 hours on yearly basis.

The employee shall be entitled to an increase in the salary. Which is calculated as 40% of increase salary for every overtime hour. Base for increasing in gross salary.

## **Holidays**

The annual leave given to an employee amounts to a minimum of 20 working days.

The minimum of 20 working days could be increased on following basis:

- Work contribution;
- Work conditions;
- Working experience;
- Level of education; and
- Other criteria determined by general act or employment contract.

The employee will be entitled to annual leave in a calendar year after a month of continuous work from the date of employment with the employer. Such an employee is entitled to 1/12 of





the annual leave (proportional part) for each month of work in a calendar year.

## **Paid and Unpaid Leave**

The right to paid absence for a maximum of five work days in total during a calendar year is granted to an employee for special cases such as marriages, births, serious illness of a member of the close family, and in other cases determined in a general act or the employment contract. An employee is entitled to additional days of paid leave as follows:

- · Five days in the case of death of a close family member; and
- One day in the case of voluntary blood donation.

**Sick Leave:** An employee is entitled for compensation of salary during absence from work due to temporary inability to work for up to 60 days (70% of the average salary in the 12 months preceding if illness or injury was not inflicted at work or 100% if inability is caused by an occupational illness or injury inflicted at work). An employee is obliged to submit to the employer, no later than three days from the occurrence of his/her temporary impediment from work, a certificate issued by a physician. Such a certificate has to be issued in accordance with the health insurance regulations. For sick leave longer then 60 days National Health Insurance Fund will be charged (employer has right to request refund of paid salaries).

**Pregnancy and Maternity Leave:** An employee who is on pregnancy leave is entitled to a reimbursement of salary in the amount of the average salary for last 12 months, and during maternity leave in the amount of average salary for last 12 months. Maternity leave benefits are no longer paid by the employer; rather they are paid by the Social security Fund. Employee is entitled to maternity leave as well as to nursing leave in the combined duration of 365 days.

**Unpaid leave** could be granted to an employee. In the case of unpaid leave, the employee's rights and duties stagnate (they are frozen).

# 7. Payroll Calculation Procedure

Gross salary (net salary + social insurance contribution and taxes) includes:

- Salary for performed work and time spent at work;
  - Bonuses, premiums and other incomes derived from the employee's contribution to employer's business success;
  - Other incomes in accordance with laws, by laws and internal acts.

The salary shall be paid in the way determined by the general act and/or employment contract at least once a month. The employer is obliged to pay the salary for the previous month until the 15th of the current month the latest.





# 8. Termination of Employment

An employment can be terminated in one of the following ways:

- a. After the expiration period stated in the employment agreement;
- b. Retirement age is 65 years for both men and women and completed 15 years of social insurance contribution and employer and employee have not agreed otherwise;
- c. If the employee is completes 40 years of social insurance contribution.
- d. By mutual agreement concluded between employer and employee;
- e. By termination by employer or employee;
- f. At the request of the parents or guardian of an employee younger than 15 years; and
- g. Other ways stipulated by law, general act or employment agreement.

## Termination of employment by an employee

Written notice of termination of employment has to be given to the employer and notice period cannot be less than 30 days prior the day of termination.

## Termination of employment by employer

There is an obligation for an employer to issue a warning letter to an employee prior to termination. The grounds and reasons for the termination of employment have to be explained in a letter and facts and evidences, which indicate existence of termination reasons, must be presented. An employee has the right to answer to a warning letter within a period of at least 8 days. In this case, severance payment is obligation for employer.

## **Prohibited termination**

It is prohibited to cancel the employment contract of an employee who is pregnant, on a maternity leave, nursing leave or a leave for special care for a child.

Labor law: ("Offical Gazette of Montenegro", br. 074/19 od 30.12.2019, 008/21 od 26.01.2021, 059/21 od 04.06.2021, 068/21 od 23.06.2021, 145/21 od 31.12.2021).

The rights and obligations of employees from the employment relationship, i.e. on the basis of work, the manner and procedure of their realization are regulated by this law, the collective agreement and the employment contract.

## **General collective agreement**

New General collective agreement is concluded on 30.12.2022

General collective agreement regulates the rights, obligations and responsibilities from the employment relationship, the conclusion procedure, changes and amendment of the collective agreement, mutual relations between the signatories of the collective agreement, as well as other matters of importance for the employee and employer.





## 9. Contact details

Address: City Quart, 11 Studentska str., Lamela 10, (3rd floor), 81000, Podgorica

Tel.: + 382 20 228 490

E-mail: podgorica@eurofast.eu

